



Embedded Tech Trends 2014

**New EW architectures based
on tight coupling of FPGA and
CPU processing**

**RF Sampling
behind antenna**

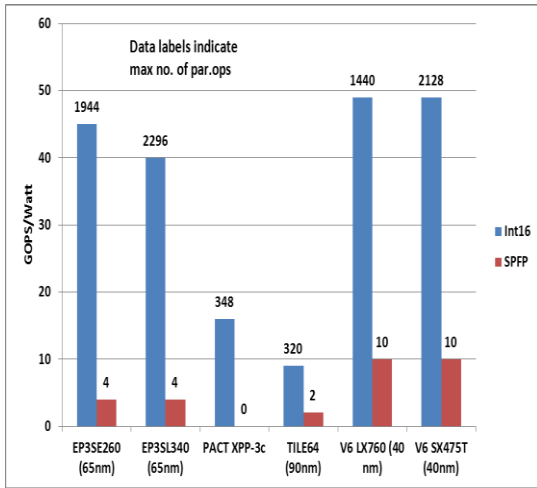
**Low Phase Noise
Clocking
Multi-Channel
Synchronization**

**FPGA
LVDS capture
Processing
DMA transfers**

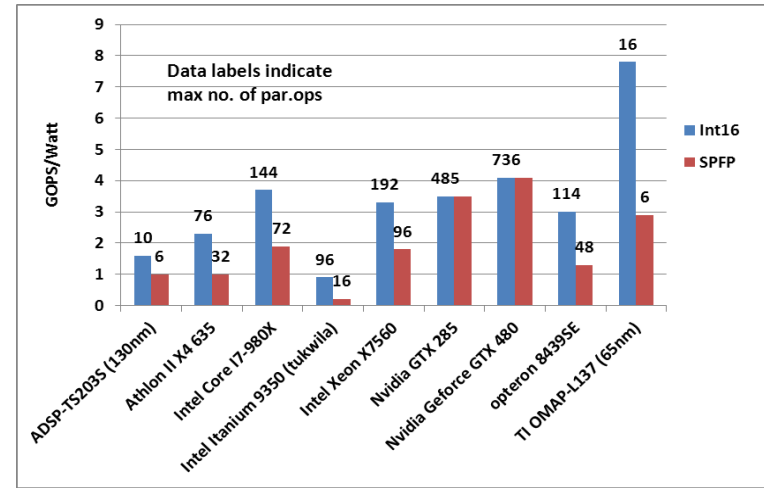
**Low Power Parallel
Processing
Very high-speed
Transceivers**

**CPU
Runs High speed
protocol stacks
for wide-area
network
connectivity**

**High-end processors
Wide-band on the backplane
Multi-Root Complex
Communication**



Configurable logic devices



Fixed logic devices

A study financed by the National Science Foundation (Alan George, Herman Lam, and Greg Stitt - IEEE magazine Computing in Science and Engineering - Jan/Feb 2011)

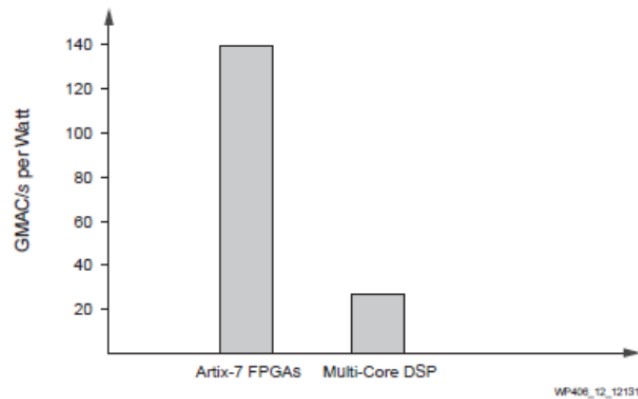
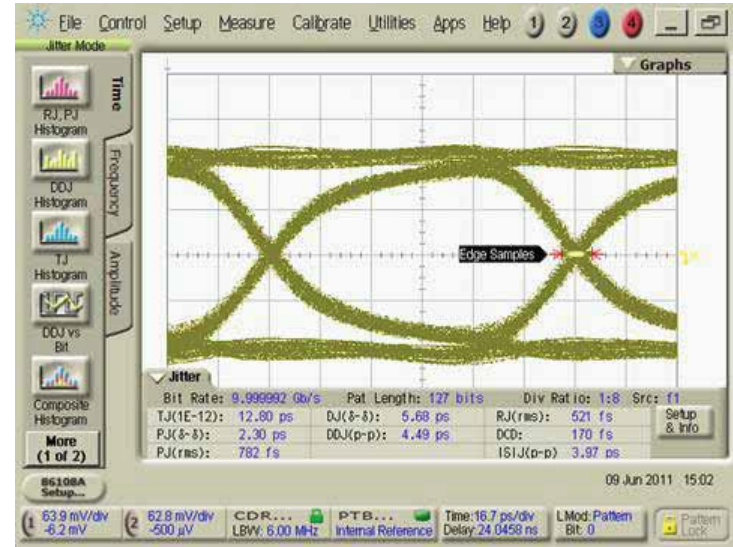
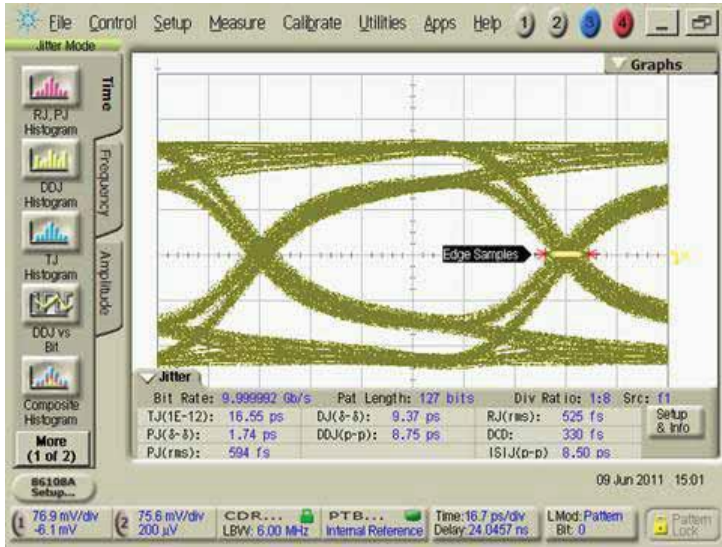
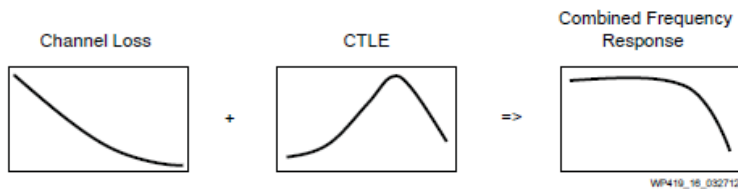


Figure 12: DSP Performance per Watt

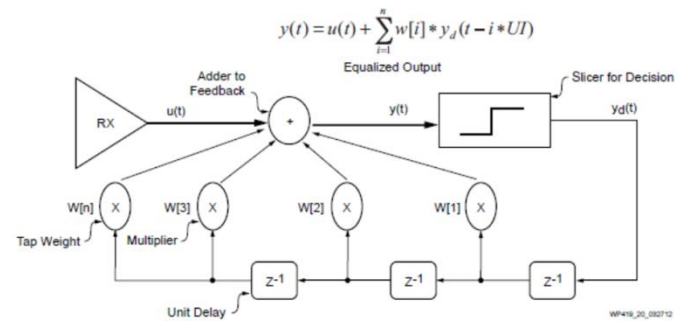
http://www.xilinx.com/support/documentation/user_guides/ug479_7Series_DSP48E1.pdf



**GTX Tranceiver 10 Gb/s Eye Diagram without (left) and with 2 dB post tap de-empahsis (right)
Peak to peak ISI jitter reduced by more than two**



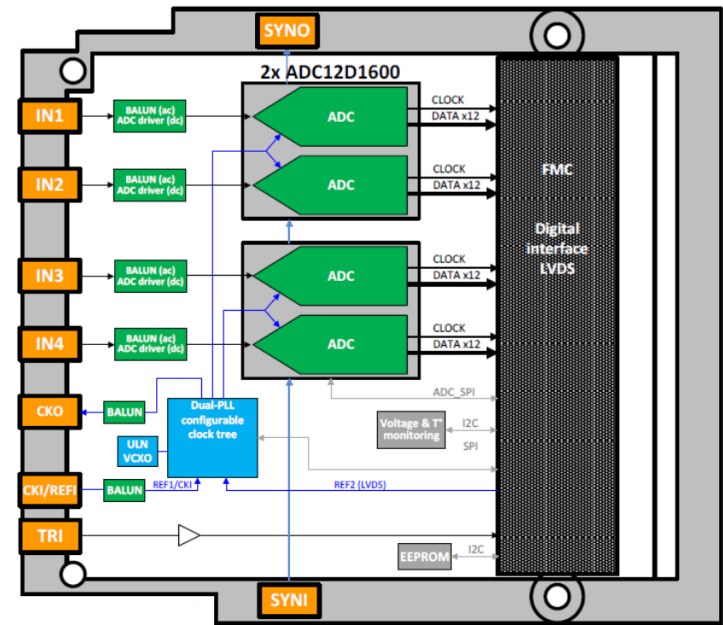
**High-pass filter with
auto-adaptation**



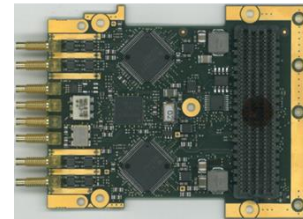
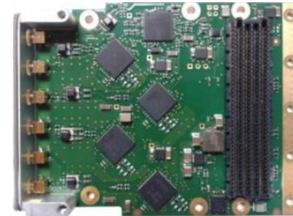
Xilinx Decision Feedback Equalizer (DFE)

Benefits of RF-Sampling

- A single direct RF-sampling ADC can replace an entire IF-sampling or ZIF-sampling subsystem of mixers, LO synthesizers, amplifiers, filters, and ADCs
- Reduction of bill of materials (BOM) cost, design time, board size, weight, and power.
- Analog frequency down-conversion function moved into the DSP, FPGA, or ASIC, where frequencies and bandwidths can be controlled digitally, enabling maximum system flexibility and re-configurability
- Example 4 channels at 1300 Msps 12 bit (1300 Mhz on the LVDS to Virtex-7)



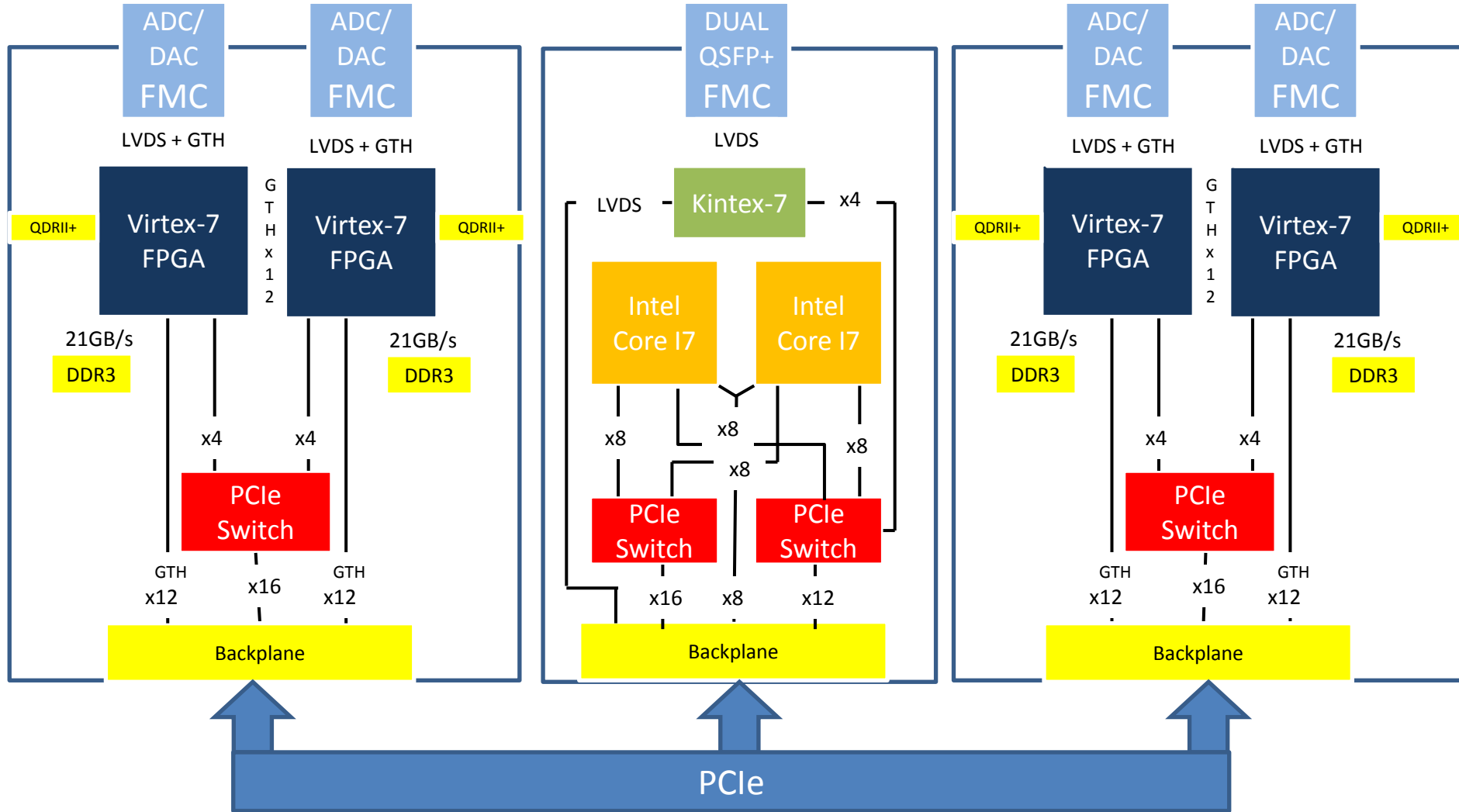
Example of
RF Sampling ADC FMC

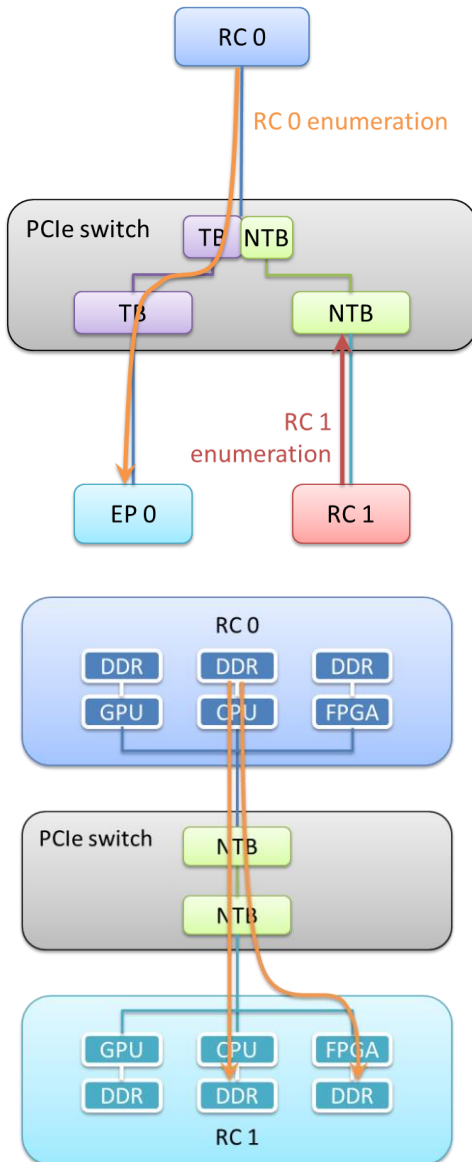


IC-FEP-VPX6b

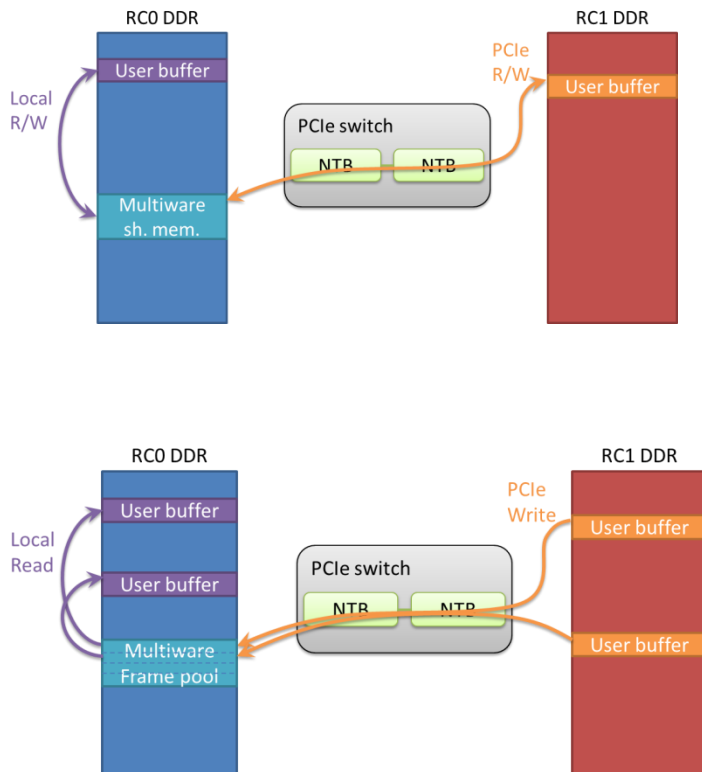
IC-INT-VPX6a

IC-FEP-VPX6b





- A PCIe domain is made of one Root Complex(RC), PCIe Transparent Bridges or switches (TB)and PCIe EndPoint (EP)
- A PCIe domain must not contain several RCs
- PCIe domains are interconnected through Non-Transparent Bridge
- NTB mechanisms for RC communication : Message boxes and Doorbells
- Use of MSI to generate interrupts on RC
- Data transfres from/to PCIe memory area (CPU DDR, Graphic DDR, FPGA DDR)
- Each RC configures its NTB access to the other PCIe domain
- Multicast : transfer same data from a PCIe memory area to several PCIe memory areas



- **Software package :** Configure and manage NTB hardware devices and provide simplified API for user designs
- **Independent of the CPU architecture** (PowerPC 32bits or 64bits Intel 32bits or 64bits)
- **OS:** Linux, VxWorks
- **Memcpy:** CPU transfers data through the NTB
- **Platform DMA:** Based on DMA OS API (Freescale SOC DMA, IOTA DMA...)
- **NTB DMA:** DMA in the PCIe switch
- **Shared Memory Data Transfer**
- **Frame pool data transfers**
- **RC communication:** Message transfers, events notifications, synchronization
- **Information about local/remote RC**
- **PCIe device translation**